

## ABSTRACT

Nurfaiz Febriyanti. 1175030196. 2021. **Illocutionary Act of Representative Used in Muniba Mazari's Speech about We All are Perfectly Imperfect.** Bandung: Department of English Literature, Faculty of Adab and Humanities, Islamic State University of Sunan Gunung Djati. Advisor Toneng Listiani, M.Hum. and co-advisor Udayani Permaludin, S.S., M.Pd.

Illocutionary act is an action that will be performed corresponding with utterance or the meaning understood by the listener. Representative is an action in which the word states what speaker believes to be truth. There are five types of illocutionary act that are: Representative, Directive, Commissive, Declarative and Expressive. There are functions of representative that are: Describing, Reporting, Claiming, Predicting, Stating and Complaining. This study aimed to find out types of illocutionary act and functions of representative in Muniba's Speech. This study is used Searle's theory. Object in this study is Muniba's speech. Then, this data were analyzed using descriptive qualitative method. The results showed that the types of illocutionary act in Muniba's Speech consist of 188 Representative, 66 Directive, 13 Commissive, 9 Declarative and 28 Expressive. The researcher also found the functions of representative in Muniba's speech consist of 36 Describing, 10 Reporting, 31 Claiming, 6 Predicting, 101 Stating and 4 Complaining. The researcher concluded that the most widely used types of illocutionary act in Muniba's speech is Representative and the most widely used functions of representative in Muniba's speech is Stating. The researcher suggested to the further researcher to learn more about Illocutionary act because in this study, the researcher only analyzed types of illocutionary act and the researcher focused on functions of representative.

Keywords: Illocutionary act, Representative, Muniba's speech.

## ABSTRAK

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Ilokusi adalah tindakan yang akan dilakukan sesuai dengan ucapan seseorang atau suatu makna yang dipahami oleh pendengar. Representatif adalah suatu tindakan yang merupakan kata menyatakan yang diucapkan oleh pembicara dan diyakini kebenarannya. Ada lima jenis ilokusi yaitu: *Representative, Directive, Commissive, Declarative and Expressive*. Ada enam fungsi representatif, yaitu: *Describing, Reporting, Claiming, Predicting, Stating and Complaining*. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui jenis-jenis ilokusi dan fungsi-fungsi representatif dalam kalimat yang diucapkan Muniba. Penelitian ini menggunakan teori John Searle. Objek dalam penelitian ini adalah pidato Muniba. Data dalam penelitian ini dianalisis menggunakan metode deskriptif kualitatif. Hasil dari penelitian ini disesuaikan jenis-jenis *ilokusi* dalam pidato Muniba yaitu 188 *Representative*, 66 *Directive*, 13 *Commissive*, 9 *Declarative* dan 28 *Expressive*. Peneliti juga menemukan fungsi-fungsi representatif dalam pidato Muniba yaitu 36 *Describing*, 10 *Reporting*, 31 *Claiming*, 6 *Predicting*, 101 *Stating*, dan 4 *Complaining*. Peneliti menyimpulkan jenis ilokusi yang paling banyak digunakan dalam pidato Muniba adalah Representatif dan fungsi Representatif yang paling banyak digunakan adalah *Stating*. Peneliti menyarankan kepada peneliti berikutnya untuk lebih banyak mempelajari materi tentang ilokusi atau Representatif termasuk fungsi-fungsi yang ada dalam ilokusi karena dalam penelitian ini peneliti hanya menganalisis jenis-jenis ilokusi dan lebih memfokuskan pada fungsi-fungsi Representatif.

Kata Kunci: Ilokusi, representatif, pidato muniba.