ABSTRACT

Achmad Japar Nur Sabit AM. 1155030002. Illocutionary Act and Implicature in The Conversation Between Therapist and Client in The Book of Time Distortion in Hypnosis by Linn F. Cooper and Milton H. Erickson. An Undergraduate Thesis, English Literature Department, Faculty of Adab and Humanities, State Islamic University Sunan Gunung Djati Bandung.

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Keywords: pragmatics, speech acts, illocutionary acts, and implicature.

This study investigates types Illocutionary Act and Implicature in The Conversation Between Therapist and Client in The Book of Time Distortion in Hypnosis by Linn F. Cooper and Milton H. Erickson. In this research, there are two research questions raised; (1) What types of illocutioanary acts found in the book of *Time Distortion in Hypnosis?*, (2) What types of implicature found in the book of *Time Distortion in Hypnosis?*. The aims of this research are to describe the types of illocutionary acts; and to describe types of implicatures found in hynosis book. Descriptive qualitative approach was implemented as the research method to analyze the problems. The data of this research were the utterances spoken by both the therapist and the client written in the hynosis book. The result of this research revealed that types of illocutionary acts uttered by the therapist in the book consist of Directive, Commissive, and Representative. Directive is functioning to give command to the hearer in direct way. Commisive is functioning to give promise toward some future actions. While representative is functioning to give explanation toward certain events. Additionally, the types of implicature found in the book are Scalar Implicature, Particularized Conversational Implicature, and Conventional Implicature. The implicatures explained what the therapist as the speaker implies, suggests, or means, as different from what the therapist literally says. This research concludes that the use of various types of speech acts determine the reason of any speaker use it in the utterance.